

#### **§ 452.126**

election of officers of the organization imposing the trusteeship unless such delegates were chosen by secret ballot vote in an election in which all the members in good standing of the subordinate organization were eligible to participate.<sup>56</sup>

#### **§ 452.126 Delegates to conventions which do not elect officers.**

Delegates to conventions need not be elected by secret ballot when officers of the organization are elected by a secret ballot vote of the entire membership. However, if the only method of making nominations is by delegates, then the delegates must be elected by secret ballot.

#### **§ 452.127 Proportionate representation.**

When officers of a national, international or intermediate labor organization are elected at a convention of delegates who have been chosen by secret ballot, the structure of representation of the membership is a matter for the union to determine in accordance with its constitution and bylaws. There is no indication that Congress intended, in enacting title IV of the Act, to require representation in delegate bodies of labor organizations to reflect the proportionate number of members in each subordinate labor organization represented in such bodies. Questions of such proportionate representation are determined in accordance with the labor organization's constitution and bylaws insofar as they are not inconsistent with the election provisions of the Act. Congress did not attempt to specify the organizational structure or the system of representation which unions must adopt. However, all members must be represented; the union may not deny representation to locals below a certain size.

#### **§ 452.128 Under-strength representation.**

A local union may elect fewer delegates than it is permitted under the union constitution as long as the local is allowed to determine for itself

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whether or not it will send its full quota of delegates to the union convention. The delegates present from a local may cast the entire vote allotted to that local if this is permitted by the constitution and bylaws.

#### **§ 452.129 Non-discrimination.**

Further, distinctions in representational strength among or within locals may not be based on arbitrary and unreasonable factors such as race, sex, or class of membership based on type of employment.

#### **§ 452.130 Expenses of delegates.**

A local may elect two groups—one which would receive expenses while the other would be required to pay its own way, provided each member has an equal opportunity to run for the expense-paid as well as the non-expense-paid positions.

#### **§ 452.131 Casting of ballots; delegate elections.**

The manner in which the votes of the representatives are cast in the convention is not subject to special limitations. For example, the voting may be by secret ballot, by show of hands, by oral roll call vote, or if only one candidate is nominated for an office, by acclamation or by a motion authorizing the convention chairman to cast a unanimous vote of the delegates present.

#### **§ 452.132 Proxy voting.**

There is no prohibition on delegates in a convention voting by proxy, if the constitution and bylaws permit.

#### **§ 452.133 Election of delegates not members of the labor organization.**

A labor organization's constitution and bylaws may authorize the election of delegates who are not members of the subordinate labor organization they represent, provided the members of the subordinate organization are also eligible to be candidates.

#### **§ 452.134 Preservation of records.**

The credentials of delegates, and all minutes and other records pertaining to the election of officers at conventions, must be preserved for one year

<sup>56</sup>Section 303(b) of the LMRDA provides criminal penalties for violation of section 303(a)(1).